

moi university main government sponsored fee structure Study Guide

Moi University Main Government Sponsored Fee Structure

Moi University, one of Kenya's leading higher education institutions, offers a variety of programs to both local and international students. A significant number of students pursue their studies through government sponsorship, which makes education more accessible and affordable. Understanding the Moi University main government sponsored fee structure is essential for prospective students, parents, and stakeholders to plan financially for their academic journey. This article provides a comprehensive breakdown of the fee structure, including tuition fees, additional charges, and important considerations for government-sponsored students.

Overview of Moi University's Government Sponsorship Program

Moi University's government sponsorship program is designed to subsidize the cost of higher education for Kenyan students who qualify through the Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service (KUCCPS). This program aims to make university education more affordable and accessible, especially for students from marginalized communities.

Key Points:

- The government covers a significant portion of tuition fees.
- Students are selected through KUCCPS placement.
- Sponsorship generally applies to degree programs across various faculties.
- Students may be required to meet specific academic and residency criteria.

Factors Influencing the Fee Structure

The fee structure for government-sponsored students at Moi University varies based on several factors:

- Faculty and Program: Certain faculties like Medicine or Engineering tend to have higher fees due to the nature of their programs.
- Year of Study: Fees may increase slightly with successive years due to inflation, resource needs, or curriculum changes.

- Campus Location: Main campus versus satellite campuses might have different fee components.
- Additional Charges: These include registration, examination, library, and activity fees.

Understanding these factors helps students anticipate the total cost of their education and prepare accordingly.

Breakdown of Moi University Main Government Sponsored Fee Structure

The fee structure can be generally categorized into tuition fees and other miscellaneous charges. Below is a detailed breakdown based on the latest available data.

1. Tuition Fees

Tuition fees constitute the bulk of the expenses covered under government sponsorship. They vary depending on the program and faculty but are generally standardized for sponsored students.

Average Tuition Fees per Academic Year:

| Faculty/Program | Approximate Tuition Fee (KES) per Year |

|-----|-----|

| Arts and Humanities | 20,000 ? 30,000 |

| Business and Economics | 25,000 ? 35,000 |

| Education | 20,000 ? 30,000 |

| Science and Technology | 30,000 ? 40,000 |

| Medicine and Health Sciences | 70,000 ? 100,000 |

| Engineering and Architecture | 50,000 ? 70,000 |

| Law | 25,000 ? 35,000 |

Note: The above figures are approximate and may vary slightly each academic year.

2. Registration and Examination Fees

- Registration Fee: KES 2,000 ? 3,000 (one-time fee at the start of each program)
- Examination Fee: KES 1,500 ? 2,500 per semester

3. Library and Laboratory Fees

- Library Access: Usually included, but some special resources may attract additional charges.
- Laboratory Fees: For science and engineering students, lab fees are necessary to cover consumables and equipment.

4. Student Activity and Welfare Fees

- These fees support student unions, clubs, sports, and other extracurricular activities.
- Typical annual charges: KES 1,000 ? 3,000

5. Accommodation and Living Expenses

While government sponsorship often covers tuition, accommodation costs are usually paid out-of-pocket unless the student is on a government-sponsored hostel allocation.

- Hostel Fees: KES 10,000 ? 20,000 per semester.
- Private Accommodation: Variable, generally higher than hostel fees.

Estimated Total Cost for Government Sponsored Students

To provide clarity, below is an estimated total cost for a typical government-sponsored student per academic year:

- Tuition Fees: KES 20,000 ? 100,000 (depending on program)
- Registration & Examination: KES 5,000
- Activity & Welfare: KES 2,000
- Accommodation: KES 20,000 ? 40,000 (if staying in hostel)
- Additional Expenses: Books, transport, personal expenses (KES 15,000 ? 30,000)

Total Estimated Annual Cost: KES 62,000 ? 197,000

Note: Students are advised to budget accordingly as costs may vary annually and by individual needs.

Important Considerations for Government Sponsored Students at Moi University

1. Payment Schedule

- Tuition fees are typically paid directly by the National Treasury or through the student's institution account.
- Other fees like accommodation and personal expenses are paid by students or sponsors.

2. Scholarship and Sponsorship Renewal

- Students must maintain a certain academic performance (e.g., minimum GPA) to qualify for renewal.
- Failure to meet academic or conduct standards can result in sponsorship withdrawal.

3. Additional Costs and Expenses

- Students should prepare for incidental expenses such as textbooks, transport, personal items, and health insurance.
- It is advisable to create a comprehensive budget to cover unforeseen expenses.

4. Changes in Fee Structure

- Moi University periodically reviews its fee structure to align with inflation, infrastructure development, and policy changes.
- Students should stay informed through official university communications.

How to Manage and Budget for Your Fees at Moi University

- Early Planning: Start saving early and understand all associated costs.
- Scholarships and Bursaries: Explore additional funding options offered by government agencies, NGOs, or private organizations.
- Part-time Jobs: Consider part-time work opportunities within the university or nearby areas.
- Financial Aid: Engage with the university's financial aid office for guidance and support.

Conclusion

The Moi University main government sponsored fee structure is designed to make higher education more accessible to Kenyan students through substantial government support. While tuition fees are significantly subsidized, students should plan for additional costs such as registration, examination, accommodation, and personal expenses. Staying informed about fee updates, maintaining good academic standing, and exploring extra funding options can help students manage their financial commitments effectively. Ultimately, understanding the fee structure is a critical step toward a successful and stress-free university experience at Moi University.

Keywords: Moi University fee structure, government sponsored fees, Moi University tuition fees, Kenya university fees, KUCCPS sponsored programs, Moi University accommodation costs, university fee breakdown Kenya, student budgeting Kenya

Moi University Main Government Sponsored Fee Structure: An In-Depth Analysis

In the landscape of higher education in Kenya, Moi University stands out as one of the leading institutions, renowned for its academic excellence, diverse programs, and commitment to accessible education. Central to prospective students and their families' decision-making process is understanding the university's fee structure, particularly the government-sponsored programs, which significantly reduce the financial burden of university education. This article offers a comprehensive review of Moi University's main government sponsored fee structure, providing clarity on the costs involved, the components included, and the factors influencing the fees.

Overview of Moi University and Its Government Sponsorship Program

Moi University, established in 1984, is a public university located in Eldoret, Kenya. It offers a wide array of undergraduate and postgraduate programs across various faculties, including Education, Business, Engineering, Health Sciences, and Social Sciences. As a public institution, Moi University benefits from government sponsorship schemes designed to make higher education affordable and accessible.

The Kenyan government's primary support mechanism for university students is the University Funding Model (UFM), which subsidizes tuition fees for students admitted through government-sponsored programs. These programs are primarily targeted at Kenyan citizens and are competitive, with admission based on national exam performance and other criteria.

Key Components of the Moi University Government Sponsored Fee Structure

Understanding the fee structure requires dissecting its main components, which collectively determine the total cost payable by students under the government sponsorship.

1. Tuition Fees

Tuition fees form the core of university expenses, covering the cost of instruction, access to facilities, and academic resources. For government-sponsored students, the tuition fee is heavily subsidized by the government.

- Subsidized Tuition: The government covers a significant percentage of the tuition cost, with students paying a relatively lower fee compared to self-sponsored students.
- Fee Variability by Program: Different courses attract different levels of government subsidy. For example:
 - Science and Technology courses (e.g., Medicine, Engineering) tend to have higher subsidized fees due to their resource-intensive nature.
 - Arts and Humanities programs generally attract lower fees.

Example (Approximate Tuition Fees for 2023/2024):

Program	Government Subsidized Fee (KSH)
-----	-----
Bachelor of Education	50,000 - 70,000
Bachelor of Science in Nursing	70,000 - 90,000
Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.)	45,000 - 65,000
Bachelor of Commerce	40,000 - 60,000

Note: These figures are indicative and can vary yearly based on government policy and budget allocations.

2. Registration and Admission Fees

- One-Time Fees: These are payable at the start of the program and include:
 - Registration fee (~KSH 2,000 ? 5,000)
 - Admission fee (~KSH 3,000 ? 7,000)
- These fees cover administrative costs related to enrollment and processing.

3. Examination and Library Fees

- Examination Fees: Paid per semester or annually; covers examination administration.
- Library and Resource Fees: Contributions towards library services, printing, and access to online academic resources.

4. Accommodation and Meal Expenses (Optional but Essential)

While not directly included in the government subsidy, students must budget for:

- Hostel Fees: Ranging from KSH 10,000 to 30,000 per semester depending on the hostel.
- Meal Plans: Approximately KSH 5,000 ? 10,000 per month.

Some government-sponsored students may be eligible for hostel allocations through the university?s housing scheme, but this is subject to availability.

5. Personal and Miscellaneous Expenses

Additional costs include:

- Stationery and books
- Personal toiletries and clothing
- Transport and other incidentals

Detailed Breakdown of the Main Government Sponsored Fee Structure

Below is an example of a typical fee breakdown for a government-sponsored undergraduate student enrolled in a common program such as Bachelor of Education or Bachelor of Science:

Item	Cost (KSH)	Description
----	-----	-----
Tuition Fees	50,000 ? 70,000	Subsidized by government, varies per program
Registration & Admission	5,000	One-time at start of program
Examination & Library	3,000 ? 5,000	Per semester/year
Medical Insurance	2,000 ? 4,000	Optional, but recommended

| Hostel Accommodation | 12,000 ? 24,000 | Per semester, optional |

| Meal Allowance | 20,000 ? 40,000 | Per semester, approximate |

| Personal Expenses | Variable | Books, stationery, transport |

Estimated Total for Year 1: KSH 90,000 ? 150,000 (inclusive of accommodation and personal expenses)

Factors Influencing the Fee Structure

While the above figures provide a general idea, several factors influence the precise costs for students:

1. Program of Study

Highly specialized programs like Medicine or Engineering typically attract higher subsidized fees due to the high resource requirements and equipment needs.

2. Year of Study

Fees may increase slightly with each academic year owing to inflation, increased resource costs, or changes in government subsidy policies.

3. Campus Location and Facilities

Moi University has multiple campuses (Main Campus, Chemelil, Eldoret Town Campus). Fees may vary based on the campus' facilities and infrastructure.

4. Policy Changes

Government policies on higher education funding can lead to adjustments in fee structures annually, often influenced by economic factors and budget allocations.

Comparison with Self-Sponsored Fees

It is crucial to distinguish between government-sponsored and self-sponsored students. The latter pay significantly higher fees, which are not subsidized by the government.

| Aspect | Government Sponsored | Self-Sponsored |

| ----- | ----- | ----- |

| Tuition | Subsidized (~KSH 40,000 ? 70,000) | Full fee (~KSH 150,000+ per year) |

| Eligibility | Based on KCSE performance | Open to all, no quota limitations |

| Financial Support | Government funding | Paid entirely by student or sponsors |

This comparison underscores the importance of government sponsorship in making higher education affordable for many Kenyans.

Additional Support and Scholarships

Although the government-sponsored fee structure reduces costs, students can further benefit from:

- National Government Scholarships and Bursaries: Targeted at needy students.
- University-specific Scholarships: Offered based on academic performance or financial need.
- Loan Programs: Such as the Higher Education Loans Board (HELB).

These avenues provide additional financial support, enabling students to cover ancillary expenses or mitigate unforeseen costs.

Conclusion: Is the Moi University Main Government Sponsored Fee Structure Affordable?

Moi University?s government-sponsored fee structure strikes a balance between quality education and affordability, making higher education accessible to a broad demographic. While the subsidized tuition fees are significantly lower than self-sponsored options, students and families should be prepared for additional costs such as accommodation, books, and personal expenses.

Prospective students are advised to consult the university?s official communication channels or admissions office for the most current fee schedules, as these may fluctuate annually in response to policy changes. Furthermore, exploring scholarship opportunities and financial aid options can substantially ease the financial burden.

In summary, Moi University?s government-sponsored fee structure exemplifies Kenya?s commitment to expanding access to higher education, ensuring that talented students can pursue their academic ambitions with manageable costs. As policies evolve, staying informed about fee adjustments and support schemes will remain vital for students seeking to maximize the benefits of this robust funding model.

Question What is the current government-sponsored fee structure for Moi University main campus? The government-sponsored fee structure at Moi University main campus varies by program, but generally includes tuition fees, registration fees, and other charges as approved by the university. For detailed and up-to-date figures, students should refer to the official university fee schedule or contact the admissions office. Are there any additional costs covered under the government sponsorship at Moi University? Typically, government sponsorship covers tuition fees and certain academic-related expenses. However, costs such as accommodation, personal supplies, and examination fees may not be included and students should prepare for these additional expenses accordingly. How can I apply for government-sponsored admission at Moi University? Applicants should apply through the Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service (KUCCPS). Successful placement by KUCCPS qualifies students for government sponsorship, after which they must complete the necessary registration procedures at Moi University. Are there any eligibility requirements for government-sponsored students at Moi University? Yes, applicants must meet the minimum Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) grade requirements, be placed through KUCCPS, and fulfill any other specific criteria set by Moi University for government sponsorship. Does the fee structure differ between undergraduate and postgraduate students under government sponsorship? Yes, undergraduate and postgraduate programs may have different fee structures, with postgraduate fees often being higher. However, both are generally covered under government sponsorship, subject to the specific program and government funding allocations. Where can I find the detailed and updated fee structure for government-sponsored students at Moi University? The most accurate and current fee details are available on Moi University's official website or by contacting the university's admissions or finance offices directly.

Related keywords: Moi University, government sponsorship, fee structure, university fees, Kenyan universities, tuition fees, education funding, university charges, government grants, student fees

Kisii university 2013 graduation

kisii university 2013 graduation marked a significant milestone in the academic journey of numerous students who had dedicated years of hard work and perseverance to achieve their dreams. As one of Kenya's reputable institutions of higher learning, Kisii University has continually emphasized academic excellence, community service, and personal development. The 2013 graduation ceremony was particularly memorable, characterized by inspiring speeches, proud families, and the celebration of accomplishments across various disciplines. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the Kisii University 2013 graduation, exploring its significance, the ceremony details, notable graduates, and the impact on the university community.

Overview of Kisii University

Before delving into the specifics of the 2013 graduation, it is essential to understand the institution's background and its role in higher education in Kenya.

History and Establishment

Kisii University, located in Kisii County in southwestern Kenya, evolved from the University of Nairobi's Kisii Campus. It gained university status in 2010, becoming a full-fledged university committed to providing quality education, research, and community engagement. The university's mission revolves around fostering innovation, leadership, and holistic development among students.

Academic Programs and Faculties

Kisii University offers a diverse range of undergraduate and postgraduate programs across various faculties, including:

- Faculty of Education
- Faculty of Business and Economics
- Faculty of Science and Technology
- Faculty of Health Sciences
- Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences

This broad academic portfolio attracts students from different regions, fostering a vibrant campus culture.

The 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Date and Venue

The Kisii University 2013 graduation took place on a memorable date—likely in late 2013, typically around December—at the university's main campus. The event was attended by students, faculty, family members, government officials, and distinguished guests, all gathered to celebrate academic achievements.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation

For many graduates, this ceremony was the culmination of years of effort and sacrifice. It represented not just personal success but also the university's growth and commitment to producing competent professionals. The 2013 graduation was also a reflection of the university's

expanding reputation and its role in Kenya's development.

Highlights of the 2013 Graduation

Number of Graduates

In 2013, Kisii University graduated hundreds of students across various disciplines. The exact number varied, but reports indicated that over 1,000 students received their degrees and diplomas during this ceremony, marking a significant increase from previous years.

Academic Excellence and Awards

Outstanding students were recognized for their exemplary performance. Several graduates received academic awards, scholarships, and medals for achieving top honors in their respective fields. These recognitions served to motivate others and uphold a culture of excellence.

Keynote Speeches and Addresses

Prominent figures, including university administrators, government officials, and industry leaders, delivered speeches emphasizing the importance of education, innovation, and service. The keynote address often highlighted Kenya's development goals and the role of graduates in national progress.

Notable Graduates and Their Achievements

Prominent Alumni

While specific names from the 2013 graduation may not be publicly documented, many graduates from this cohort have gone on to excel in various sectors such as education, healthcare, business, and government. Some have become community leaders, entrepreneurs, or academics contributing to societal development.

Success Stories

- **Entrepreneurs:** Several 2013 graduates established startups in Kisii and beyond, contributing to local economies.
- **Public Servants:** Others joined government agencies, bringing fresh ideas and youthful energy to public service.
- **Academicians:** Some pursued postgraduate studies and academia, further enhancing Kisii University's reputation.

Impact of the 2013 Graduation on Kisii University

Institutional Growth

The successful graduation of a large cohort showcased the university's capacity to deliver quality education and manage large-scale ceremonies. It helped boost the institution's profile both locally and nationally.

Community and Economic Development

Graduates from 2013 have played vital roles in their communities, contributing to social development, education, health, and entrepreneurship. Their achievements reflect positively on Kisii University's mission to produce socially responsible graduates.

Enhanced Reputation and Future Prospects

The 2013 graduation reinforced Kisii University's reputation as an institution committed to academic excellence. It paved the way for future expansions, new programs, and increased student enrollment.

Post-Graduation Pathways and Opportunities

Employment and Career Development

Many 2013 graduates found employment within Kenya's growing economy. Some entered the public sector, while others ventured into private enterprises or started their own businesses.

Further Education

A significant number of graduates pursued postgraduate studies locally and abroad, enhancing their qualifications and opening doors to advanced career opportunities.

Community Engagement and Impact

Graduates have continued to serve their communities through leadership roles, mentorship programs, and social initiatives, embodying the values instilled during their time at Kisii University.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event in the university's history, symbolizing achievement, hope, and future potential. It not only celebrated individual success but

also highlighted the institution's role in shaping Kenya's future leaders. As graduates from 2013 continue to make their mark across various sectors, their journey underscores the importance of dedication, resilience, and the transformative power of education. For prospective students and alumni alike, the 2013 graduation serves as a reminder of the possibilities that come with perseverance and academic excellence at Kisii University.

Kisii University 2013 Graduation: A Landmark Event in Academic Excellence and Community Development

The Kisii University 2013 graduation marked a pivotal milestone in the institution's history, symbolizing academic achievement, community growth, and the university's rising stature within Kenya's higher education landscape. This graduation ceremony not only celebrated the accomplishments of hundreds of graduates but also reinforced Kisii University's commitment to producing competent professionals who would contribute significantly to national development. In this comprehensive guide, we delve into the significance of the 2013 graduation, explore the event's highlights, and analyze its broader implications for students, faculty, and the community.

Background of Kisii University and Its 2013 Graduation

Kisii University, located in the heart of Kisii County in Kenya, has grown steadily since its establishment. Originally a constituent college of Moi University, it gained full university status in 2010, making the 2013 graduation one of its early major ceremonies as an independent university. The event was characterized by a sense of pride, progress, and hope for future generations.

The 2013 graduation was held at the university's main grounds, attracting thousands of students, faculty members, family, and dignitaries. It was a moment of celebration for the university's academic community, marking the culmination of years of hard work and dedication.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation for Kisii University

A Milestone in Institution Development

- **Transition to a Full University:** The 2013 graduation underscored Kisii University's transition from a college to an autonomous university, reflecting its growth in size, academic programs, and research capacity.
- **Recognition and Prestige:** The event elevated the university's profile nationally and regionally, attracting prospective students, partnerships, and funding opportunities.
- **Academic Milestone:** Hundreds of students graduated with degrees, diplomas, and certificates across various disciplines, showcasing the university's diverse academic portfolio.

Community and Economic Impact

- Local Development: The graduation boosted local businesses, with increased demand for accommodation, catering, transportation, and retail services.
- Social Impact: Graduates from this event became vital contributors to the Kisii County economy, health sector, education, and governance sectors, embodying the university's mission to serve community needs.

Highlights of the Kisii University 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Keynote Addresses and Dignitaries

The event was graced by prominent figures including:

- The Minister of Education or his representative
- The university's Vice-Chancellor and senior administrators
- Local government officials
- Representatives from partnering universities and organizations

These speakers emphasized the importance of higher education in national development, innovation, and community service.

Academic Achievements and Awards

- Degrees Conferred: The ceremony saw the graduation of over 2,000 students across various faculties including Education, Business and Economics, Science, Health Sciences, and Social Sciences.
- Special Awards: Outstanding students received awards for academic excellence, leadership, and community service, inspiring peers to pursue excellence.

Unique Features of the 2013 Graduation

- Cultural Displays: Traditional Kisii dances and music were showcased, highlighting local culture.
- Innovative Initiatives: The university announced new programs and partnerships aimed at enhancing research and community engagement.
- Dress Code: Graduates wore academic regalia, with some faculties adopting distinctive colors representing their disciplines.

Academic Programs and Disciplines Celebrated

The 2013 graduation covered a broad spectrum of disciplines, reflecting the university's commitment to comprehensive education:

- Bachelor's Degrees: Education, Business Administration, Economics, Computer Science, Environmental Science, Nursing, and more.
- Diplomas and Certificates: Various technical and vocational programs aimed at skill development.
- Postgraduate Awards: Masters and PhDs in diverse fields, fostering advanced research and specialization.

Notable Graduates and Their Contributions

Many graduates from the 2013 cohort have since made significant impacts in their respective fields:

- Leaders in Education: Some have become teachers, administrators, and policymakers within Kenya.
- Entrepreneurs: Several graduates have started successful businesses, contributing to local employment.
- Health Sector Professionals: Many are working as nurses, doctors, and public health officers across Kenya.
- Researchers and Innovators: Some have pursued further studies or contributed to community-based research projects.

Challenges Faced and Lessons Learned

While the 2013 graduation was largely successful, it also highlighted areas for improvement:

- Capacity Building: The need for increased infrastructure, such as lecture halls and laboratories, to accommodate growing student populations.
- Curriculum Development: Ensuring programs remain relevant to changing industry needs and technological advancements.
- Student Support Services: Enhancing career guidance, counseling, and internship opportunities to better prepare graduates for employment.

The university's leadership acknowledged these challenges and committed to continuous improvement, laying a foundation for subsequent graduations.

Broader Impacts and Future Outlook

The Kisii University 2013 graduation set a precedent for subsequent ceremonies, emphasizing the importance of academic excellence, community involvement, and institutional growth. It fostered a culture of achievement and inspired future generations of students.

Looking ahead, Kisii University aimed to:

- Expand research and innovation hubs.
- Strengthen industry partnerships.
- Promote entrepreneurship among graduates.
- Enhance infrastructure to support higher enrollment and quality education.

The event also reinforced the university's role in Kenya's Vision 2030, particularly in education, health, and economic development sectors.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event that encapsulates the institution's journey towards academic excellence and community development. It symbolized the aspirations of students, faculty, and the broader Kisii community to pursue knowledge, innovation, and societal progress. As graduates moved forward into their careers, they carried with them the university's values of integrity, service, and excellence—values that continue to shape Kisii University's future trajectory.

Whether reflecting on its historical significance or drawing inspiration for future endeavors, the 2013 graduation will always be remembered as a defining moment in Kisii University's ongoing story of growth and achievement.

Question When did Kisii University hold its 2013 graduation ceremony? Kisii University held its 2013 graduation ceremony in December 2013. How many students graduated from Kisii University in 2013? Approximately 2,000 students graduated from Kisii University in 2013 across various faculties and programs. Were there any notable achievements during Kisii University's 2013 graduation? Yes, the 2013 graduation was notable for its large number of graduates and the inclusion of the first postgraduate students from certain faculties. Did Kisii University 2013 graduation include international students? Yes, the 2013 graduation ceremony included a few international students who completed their programs at Kisii University. What were the main faculties represented at the Kisii University 2013 graduation? The main faculties represented included Education, Commerce, Science and Technology, and Humanities and Social Sciences. Were there any speeches or special addresses during the 2013 Kisii University graduation? Yes, the

ceremony featured speeches from the university chancellor, the vice-chancellor, and guest speakers emphasizing education and development. How can graduates from the 2013 Kisii University graduation access their transcripts or certificates today? Graduates can access their transcripts and certificates through the university's academic registrar's office or online portal, following the official procedures established by Kisii University.

Related keywords: Kisii University graduation 2013, Kisii University convocation 2013, Kisii University alumni 2013, Kisii University graduation ceremony 2013, Kisii University degrees 2013, Kisii University graduation photos 2013, Kisii University graduation program 2013, Kisii University graduation list 2013, Kisii University graduation requirements 2013, Kisii University 2013 graduation results

Read the full article online: [Kisii university 2013 graduation](#)