

domain driven design a comprehensive beginner's guide Printable PDF

Domain Driven Design a comprehensive beginner's guide

In today's rapidly evolving software landscape, building applications that are maintainable, scalable, and aligned with business needs is more crucial than ever. One approach that has gained significant traction among developers and architects is Domain Driven Design (DDD). If you're new to DDD and looking for a comprehensive beginner's guide, you've come to the right place. This article aims to demystify DDD, explain its core concepts, and provide practical insights to help you get started on implementing it effectively.

What is Domain Driven Design?

Domain Driven Design is a strategic approach to software development that emphasizes understanding the core business domain and aligning the software model with that domain. Introduced by Eric Evans in his influential book "Domain-Driven Design: Tackling Complexity in the Heart of Software," DDD advocates for close collaboration between technical teams and domain experts to create a shared understanding of the problem space.

At its core, DDD encourages developers to focus on the domain – the sphere of knowledge and activity around which the application revolves – and to model the software around that domain accurately. This leads to more meaningful, flexible, and maintainable systems.

Why Use Domain Driven Design?

Implementing DDD offers several benefits:

- Alignment with Business Goals: Ensures the software accurately reflects real-world processes and rules.
- Enhanced Communication: Promotes collaboration between developers and domain experts, reducing misunderstandings.
- Better Model Quality: Creates a rich, expressive domain model that captures complex behaviors.
- Scalability and Flexibility: Simplifies adapting to changing business requirements.
- Reduced Technical Debt: Leads to cleaner, more coherent codebases.

Core Concepts of Domain Driven Design

Understanding the fundamental concepts of DDD is vital before applying it to your projects. Here are the key principles:

Ubiquitous Language

Developers, domain experts, and stakeholders should use a shared language when discussing the domain. This ubiquitous language should be reflected in code, documentation, and conversations, fostering clear understanding and reducing ambiguity.

Bounded Contexts

A large domain can be complex, so DDD advocates dividing it into smaller, well-defined bounded contexts. Each bounded context encapsulates a specific part of the domain with its own models, rules, and language. These contexts communicate via explicit interfaces, reducing complexity and dependency issues.

Entities

Entities are objects that have a distinct identity that persists over time, regardless of their attributes. For example, a Customer or Order can be entities because they are uniquely identifiable.

Value Objects

Value objects are immutable and defined solely by their attributes. They're interchangeable if their attributes match. Examples include Address or Money.

Aggregates

An aggregate is a cluster of domain objects (entities and value objects) treated as a single unit for data changes. Each aggregate has a root (the aggregate root), which is the only member accessible from outside the aggregate.

Repositories

Repositories are abstractions that handle data storage and retrieval for aggregates. They provide a collection-like interface to access domain objects.

Services

Domain services encapsulate domain logic that doesn't naturally fit within entities or value objects. They represent operations or processes that involve multiple objects.

Implementing Domain Driven Design

Applying DDD involves a set of practical steps and best practices to build a robust domain model.

1. Collaborate with Domain Experts

The foundation of DDD is a deep understanding of the domain. Engage with domain experts through interviews, workshops, and continuous communication to gather insights.

2. Establish the Ubiquitous Language

Create a shared vocabulary that all team members and stakeholders agree upon and use consistently in code and discussions.

3. Identify Bounded Contexts

Analyze the domain to divide it into manageable bounded contexts. Define clear boundaries and interfaces between them.

4. Model the Domain

Develop domain models for each bounded context, focusing on entities, value objects, aggregates, and domain services. Use object-oriented principles to create expressive models.

5. Use Strategic Design Patterns

Leverage patterns like repositories, factories, and domain events to structure your code effectively.

6. Implement Repositories and Services

Create abstractions for data access and encapsulate complex business logic within services.

7. Maintain Consistency and Integrity

Ensure that all changes within an aggregate are consistent and adhere to domain rules.

8. Integrate Bounded Contexts

Define clear communication mechanisms like APIs, domain events, or messaging to keep bounded contexts synchronized without tight coupling.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

While DDD provides a powerful framework, it also presents challenges:

- Complexity in Modeling: Start small, iteratively refine models, and involve domain experts regularly.
- Bounded Context Integration: Use domain events and anti-corruption layers to manage communication.
- Learning Curve: Invest in training and foster a culture of continuous learning.
- Over-Engineering: Focus on the most critical parts of the domain first; avoid over-designing.

Tools and Technologies Supporting DDD

Several tools and frameworks can facilitate DDD implementation:

- Event Sourcing and CQRS: Patterns that complement DDD by separating reads and writes, improving scalability.
- Domain-Driven Design Frameworks: Libraries like AxonIQ, EventFlow, or domain-specific APIs that support event-driven architectures.
- Modeling Tools: UML, Domain Modeling tools, or custom diagrams to visualize bounded contexts and models.

Case Study: Applying DDD in a Retail System

Imagine developing an online retail application. Here's how DDD can be applied:

- Identify Bounded Contexts:
 - Customer Management
 - Order Processing
 - Inventory Management
 - Payment Processing
- Develop Ubiquitous Language:
 - Customer, Order, Product, Payment, Shipment

- Model Entities and Value Objects:
 - Customer (Entity)
 - Address (Value Object)
 - Order (Entity)
 - Money (Value Object)
- Define Aggregates:
 - Order aggregate with Order as the root, containing OrderItems and PaymentInfo
- Implement Repositories:
 - OrderRepository for persisting and retrieving orders
- Use Domain Services:
 - PaymentService to handle payment processing

This structured approach ensures the system aligns well with business needs, is easier to maintain, and adapts smoothly to changes.

Conclusion

Domain Driven Design is more than just a methodology; it's a way of thinking about software development that emphasizes deep collaboration, strategic modeling, and aligning code with business reality. While it requires an investment in understanding the domain and establishing shared language and boundaries, the payoff is a more robust, flexible, and maintainable system.

For beginners, the key is to start small: learn core concepts, work closely with domain experts, and iteratively develop models. Over time, you'll gain the skills to leverage DDD effectively, transforming complex domains into elegant software solutions.

Remember, DDD is a journey, not a destination. Embrace continuous learning, and you'll find it a powerful approach to building meaningful software that truly serves its purpose.

Domain Driven Design: A Comprehensive Beginner's Guide

In the rapidly evolving landscape of software development, creating applications that are both robust and adaptable has become a critical challenge. As systems grow in complexity, traditional approaches often struggle to maintain clarity, scalability, and alignment with business needs. Enter Domain Driven Design (DDD) ? a strategic methodology that emphasizes a deep understanding of

the business domain to craft software that is both meaningful and sustainable. This guide aims to introduce beginners to DDD, exploring its core principles, benefits, practical implementation, and how it transforms the way developers and stakeholders collaborate to build better software.

Understanding the Fundamentals of Domain Driven Design

What Is Domain Driven Design?

At its core, Domain Driven Design is an approach to software development that prioritizes the core business domain – the area of knowledge and activity around which the application revolves. Coined by Eric Evans in his influential book *Domain-Driven Design: Tackling Complexity in the Heart of Software*, DDD advocates for a collaborative process where domain experts and developers work closely to model the business's real-world intricacies.

Rather than focusing solely on technical implementation, DDD emphasizes understanding the problem space deeply, creating a shared language (Ubiquitous Language), and structuring the code to reflect the domain's core concepts. This alignment ensures that the software remains relevant, flexible, and more naturally adaptable to evolving business requirements.

Why Is DDD Important for Beginners?

For newcomers, DDD offers several advantages:

- **Clarity of Purpose:** It encourages a clear understanding of what the software aims to achieve.
- **Better Collaboration:** Promotes a shared language between developers and domain experts.
- **Manageable Complexity:** Breaks down complex business logic into manageable, well-defined parts.
- **Scalability and Maintainability:** Ensures that the system can evolve without becoming a tangled mess of code.

Core Principles and Building Blocks of DDD

To grasp DDD thoroughly, it's essential to familiarize oneself with its core principles and structural elements.

Core Principles of DDD

- **Focus on the Domain:** Prioritize understanding the business problem over purely technical concerns.

- Create a Ubiquitous Language: Develop a common vocabulary shared by all stakeholders, embedded into code and conversations.
- Model the Domain: Use models to represent real-world concepts, relationships, and rules.
- Bounded Contexts: Divide complex systems into distinct boundaries where models apply consistently.
- Continuous Collaboration: Maintain ongoing dialogue between domain experts and developers.

Key Building Blocks

- Entities: Objects with unique identities that persist over time (e.g., Customer, Order).
- Value Objects: Immutable objects representing descriptive aspects (e.g., Address, Money).
- Aggregates: Clusters of entities and value objects treated as a single unit for data consistency.
- Repositories: Abstractions for data access, enabling retrieval and storage of domain objects.
- Services: Operations that don't naturally fit within entities or value objects but encapsulate domain logic.
- Domain Events: Notifications that something significant has occurred within the domain.

Implementing DDD: From Theory to Practice

Step 1: Collaborate with Domain Experts

The foundation of DDD is a deep understanding of the business domain. This involves:

- Conducting interviews and workshops with domain experts.
- Gathering requirements and identifying core processes.
- Developing a shared vocabulary to avoid ambiguity.

Step 2: Develop a Ubiquitous Language

Once a common language is established, it should be reflected consistently in:

- Code: Class names, method names, and comments.
- Documentation: Descriptions and specifications.
- Conversations: Discussions among team members.

This ensures everyone speaks the same language, reducing misunderstandings.

Step 3: Model the Domain

Create models that accurately represent business concepts, relationships, and rules. Techniques include:

- Event Storming: Collaborative workshop to visualize domain events.
- Class Diagrams: Visual representations of entities, value objects, and their interactions.
- Prototypes: Early versions of models to validate understanding.

Step 4: Define Bounded Contexts

Break down the system into bounded contexts ? logical boundaries within which a specific model applies. For example, an e-commerce platform might have separate contexts for Inventory, Ordering, and Payments. Clear boundaries prevent confusion and allow teams to focus on their respective areas.

Step 5: Implement Strategic Design

Within each bounded context:

- Design entities, value objects, aggregates, and repositories.
- Encapsulate domain logic within these structures.
- Use domain events to handle cross-boundary communication.

Step 6: Maintain Continuous Collaboration

Regular communication ensures models remain aligned with evolving business needs, fostering agility and adaptability.

Benefits of Adopting DDD for Beginners

Implementing DDD offers numerous advantages:

- Enhanced Communication: The ubiquitous language bridges the gap between technical and non-technical stakeholders.
- Alignment with Business Goals: Development efforts directly reflect core business processes.
- Reduced Complexity: Modular design through bounded contexts simplifies maintenance.
- Improved Quality: Clear models lead to fewer bugs and better testability.
- Facilitates Agile Development: Supports iterative refinement based on continuous feedback.

Challenges and Common Misconceptions

While DDD is powerful, beginners should be aware of potential pitfalls:

- Overengineering: It's tempting to model every aspect in detail; focus on core domains first.
- Misunderstanding Bounded Contexts: Properly defining boundaries requires experience and domain knowledge.
- Not a Silver Bullet: DDD complements other practices; it doesn't solve all problems alone.
- Learning Curve: Mastery requires time and active collaboration.

Common misconceptions include viewing DDD solely as a technical pattern or assuming it's only for large systems. In reality, DDD principles can be scaled and adapted to various project sizes.

Tools and Resources for Beginners

To deepen understanding, beginners can explore:

- Books:
 - Domain-Driven Design by Eric Evans
 - Implementing Domain-Driven Design by Vaughn Vernon
- Workshops & Courses: Many online platforms offer hands-on DDD training.
- Community & Forums: Engage with communities like Stack Overflow, Reddit, or DDD-specific groups.
- Open-Source Projects: Study real-world implementations on GitHub.

Conclusion: Embracing DDD for Sustainable Software Development

Domain Driven Design represents a paradigm shift from traditional, technology-centric development toward a more holistic, business-aligned approach. For beginners, understanding its principles fosters better collaboration, clearer architecture, and more maintainable systems. While it requires investment in learning and effort, the payoff is a deeper connection between the software and the real-world problems it aims to solve.

As the complexity of software continues to grow, embracing DDD can serve as a guiding compass ensuring that development efforts remain focused, coherent, and truly aligned with business value. For those starting their journey, approaching DDD with curiosity, patience, and a willingness to learn will open new avenues for crafting meaningful and resilient software solutions.

QuestionAnswer What is Domain-Driven Design (DDD) and why is it important for beginners?

Domain-Driven Design (DDD) is an approach to software development that emphasizes understanding and modeling the core business domain. It helps beginners create more maintainable, flexible, and aligned software by focusing on the real-world problem and its complexities. What are the main building blocks of a comprehensive beginner's guide to DDD? A comprehensive beginner's guide to DDD typically covers core concepts like Ubiquitous Language, Bounded Contexts, Entities, Value Objects, Aggregates, Domain Events, and strategic design principles to help learners grasp the full picture. How does Ubiquitous Language facilitate better communication in DDD? Ubiquitous Language involves using a common vocabulary shared by developers and domain experts, which reduces misunderstandings, ensures clarity, and aligns the software model closely with the business domain. What are Bounded Contexts and how do they help in designing complex systems? Bounded Contexts define explicit boundaries within which a particular model applies. They help manage complexity by isolating different parts of the system, allowing teams to develop, evolve, and maintain each context independently. Can a beginner effectively implement DDD without prior experience in domain modeling? While challenging, beginners can start implementing DDD by focusing on understanding the domain, collaborating with domain experts, and gradually learning modeling techniques. Starting with simpler bounded contexts and iteratively refining the model can make the process manageable.

Related keywords: domain driven design, DDD, software architecture, domain modeling, strategic design, tactical design, bounded context, ubiquitous language, aggregates, entities

charlotte and peter fiell

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned figures in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary visual culture. Their collaborative work as authors, researchers, and curators has significantly influenced how we perceive design history and its impact on modern society. With a keen eye for detail and a passion for uncovering the stories behind iconic objects and movements, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as authoritative voices in the field. This article delves into their backgrounds, contributions, notable publications, and their lasting influence on design scholarship.

Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?

Background and Career Overview

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are British design historians and authors celebrated for their extensive work on design history and contemporary design trends. Their collaborative efforts have resulted in numerous influential publications that are widely used by students, professionals, and enthusiasts

alike.

Charlotte Fiell's academic background is rooted in art and design history, which she has combined with her keen interest in the cultural aspects of design. Peter Fiell, on the other hand, is recognized for his expertise in design criticism and his ability to contextualize design within broader social and cultural frameworks.

Together, they have spent decades researching, writing, and curating exhibitions that highlight the evolution of design from the early modern period to the present day.

Major Contributions to Design Literature

Key Publications

The Fiells are perhaps best known for their comprehensive and visually engaging books that explore various facets of design. Some of their most influential publications include:

- **Design of the 20th Century** ? A definitive guide that chronicles the development of design over the last hundred years, covering everything from industrial design to graphic arts.
- **1000 Lights** ? An extensive survey of lighting design, showcasing innovations and iconic fixtures from around the world.
- **Furniture Design** ? An in-depth look at the evolution of furniture, highlighting key designers and movements that shaped modern interiors.
- **Design Culture: An Anthology** ? A collection of essays and case studies that examine the cultural significance of design across different eras and regions.

Their books are characterized by their rich visual content, combining high-quality photographs, detailed illustrations, and insightful analysis, making them invaluable resources for understanding the history and significance of design.

Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their publications, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions that have traveled worldwide. These exhibitions often serve as visual narratives that bring their written work to life, engaging audiences with immersive experiences.

Some notable exhibitions include:

- **Modern Masters: Design in the 20th Century** ? Showcasing key works from influential designers.

- Lighting the Future ? Exploring innovations in lighting technology and design.
- Furniture of the 21st Century ? Highlighting contemporary trends and emerging designers.

Their curatorial work emphasizes the importance of storytelling in design and underscores the social, cultural, and technological factors that influence creative practices.

Their Approach to Design History

Interdisciplinary Perspective

Charlotte and Peter Fiell advocate for an interdisciplinary approach to understanding design. They believe that design cannot be studied in isolation but must be contextualized within cultural, political, and technological frameworks.

This perspective allows their work to:

- Connect design movements with historical events.
- Analyze the societal impact of technological innovations.
- Explore the ways design reflects cultural identities.

Visual Emphasis

A hallmark of their publications is the emphasis on visual content. They understand that design is a highly visual discipline, and their books are often praised for their stunning imagery that complements scholarly analysis.

This visual focus:

- Enhances reader engagement.
- Provides a comprehensive understanding of design objects.
- Inspires designers and enthusiasts alike.

Influence and Legacy

Educational Impact

Charlotte and Peter Fiell's work has become standard reading in design education worldwide. Their books are frequently cited in university courses on design history, industrial design, and visual culture.

Their clear explanations and rich visuals make complex subject matter accessible to students and newcomers to the field.

Inspiring Contemporary Designers

Many modern designers cite the Fiells' publications as sources of inspiration. Their detailed case studies and historical insights help emerging designers appreciate the roots of their craft and the evolution of design principles.

Promoting Design Awareness

Through their exhibitions and writings, the Fiells have helped raise public awareness about the importance of design in everyday life. They emphasize that good design is not only functional but also culturally meaningful and aesthetically compelling.

Notable Awards and Recognitions

Over the years, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have received numerous accolades for their contributions to design scholarship and publishing, including:

- Design awards from major institutions.
- Recognition for their influence in curatorial practices.
- Honorary mentions for promoting design literacy worldwide.

Conclusion

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are pivotal figures in the understanding and appreciation of design. Their work bridges scholarly research and popular engagement, making complex design histories accessible and compelling. Whether through their meticulously researched books, inspiring exhibitions, or educational initiatives, they continue to shape the discourse around design's role in culture and society. For anyone interested in the evolution of design or seeking to deepen their appreciation of creative innovation, exploring the work of Charlotte and Peter Fiell offers valuable insights and inspiration.

Keywords: Charlotte and Peter Fiell, design history, design books, design exhibitions, influential designers, contemporary design, visual culture, design education, industrial design, furniture design, lighting design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned names in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary culture. Their collaborative work as authors, curators, and commentators has

significantly shaped how audiences engage with design history and innovation. This dynamic duo's influence extends across numerous publications, exhibitions, and educational initiatives, making them pivotal figures for anyone interested in the evolution of design and its cultural implications. In this guide, we'll explore their backgrounds, key contributions, notable publications, and the enduring impact they have had on the field of design.

Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are a married couple with a shared passion for design. Their combined expertise spans decades, during which they have authored influential books, curated exhibitions, and contributed to scholarly discussions on design's role in society. Their work often blurs the lines between academic analysis and accessible storytelling, making complex topics approachable for both specialists and general readers.

Backgrounds and Expertise

- Charlotte Fiell: Charlotte has a background rooted in design history and cultural studies. Her focus often emphasizes contemporary design movements and their socio-cultural contexts.

- Peter Fiell: With a robust background in industrial design and architecture, Peter's insights frequently delve into design innovation, craftsmanship, and technological advancements.

Together, their complementary skills allow them to craft comprehensive narratives that contextualize design within broader historical, technological, and cultural frameworks.

Major Contributions and Notable Works

Influential Publications

The Fiell couple has authored and edited numerous books that have become staples in the fields of design and architecture. Some of their most notable publications include:

- "1000 Chairs" (2002): An exhaustive survey of chair design, exploring its evolution from functional object to icon of style and artistic expression.

- "Design of the 20th Century" (1999): A comprehensive overview of the century's most influential designers, movements, and innovations.

- "The Story of Design" (2012): A richly illustrated narrative tracing the history of design from prehistory to the digital age.
- "Fashion Design": Exploring the trajectory of fashion as an integral aspect of cultural expression and innovation.
- "The FIELL Collection": A series highlighting iconic design pieces, offering insights into their creation and significance.

Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their writing, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions showcasing design history and contemporary innovation. Their curatorial approach often emphasizes storytelling, contextualizing objects within cultural and societal shifts.

Educational Impact

Their work has been influential in academic settings, inspiring curricula, lectures, and seminars that introduce students and professionals alike to the richness of design history.

The Fiell Approach to Design

The Fiell duo's methodology combines rigorous research with engaging storytelling. They aim to:

- Make Design Accessible: Simplify complex concepts without sacrificing depth, making design history approachable for a broad audience.
- Highlight Cultural Contexts: Emphasize how design reflects, influences, and responds to societal changes.
- Showcase Innovation: Celebrate the creative process behind iconic objects, emphasizing craftsmanship, technology, and artistic vision.
- Foster Appreciation for Craftsmanship: Recognize the skill and artistry involved in design, encouraging respect for both historical and contemporary designers.

Key Themes in Their Work

- The Evolution of Design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell trace how design has evolved over centuries, influenced by technological advancements, cultural shifts, and economic factors. From early craftsmanship to mass production and digital design, they highlight pivotal moments and figures.

- The Intersection of Art and Function

Their work often explores how functional objects become symbols of aesthetic movement, reflecting societal values and individual identity.

- Sustainability and Future Trends

Recent writings emphasize the importance of sustainable design and innovation in addressing global challenges, positioning the Fiell couple as forward-thinking commentators.

- Design as a Cultural Phenomenon

They argue that design is not merely about objects but is deeply intertwined with cultural narratives, politics, and social change.

Influence and Legacy

Charlotte and Peter Fiell have played a crucial role in elevating the discourse around design, blending scholarly rigor with popular appeal. Their publications are widely used in academic courses, while their exhibitions and public talks inspire a broader appreciation for design's role in shaping human experience.

Key Contributions to the Field

- Bridging Academic and Popular Audiences: Their work makes scholarly insights accessible, fostering a wider appreciation.

- Documenting Design History: Their comprehensive catalogs serve as essential references.

- Encouraging Critical Engagement: They challenge audiences to consider design's impact on society and the environment.

Conclusion: The Enduring Impact of Charlotte and Peter Fiell

In sum, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as influential voices in the study and celebration of design. Their collaborative efforts have produced a body of work that is both academically rigorous and broadly accessible, shaping how we understand the history, present, and future of design. Whether through their books, exhibitions, or lectures, they continue to inspire new generations of designers, historians, and enthusiasts to appreciate the artistry, innovation, and cultural significance of design objects and movements.

Their legacy underscores the idea that design is not just about aesthetics but a vital part of human culture—an ongoing dialogue between function, form, and society. As the world faces new challenges and opportunities, the insights and enthusiasm of Charlotte and Peter Fiell remain vital sources of inspiration and knowledge in the ever-evolving landscape of design.

Question Who are Charlotte and Peter Fiell in the design world? Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned design historians, authors, and curators known for their influential books and contributions to design education and appreciation. What are some notable works by Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their notable works include 'Design of the 20th Century', 'Furniture Design', and 'The Story of Graphic Design', which are widely regarded as essential references in the field. How have Charlotte and Peter Fiell influenced design history? Through their comprehensive publications and exhibitions, they have significantly shaped the understanding and appreciation of modern and contemporary design worldwide. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in any design exhibitions? Yes, they have curated numerous exhibitions on design topics, showcasing their expertise and promoting design awareness in museums and galleries globally. What is the focus of Charlotte and Peter Fiell's writing? Their writing primarily focuses on the history, evolution, and cultural impact of design, covering areas like furniture, graphic design, and industrial design. Have Charlotte and Peter Fiell received any awards for their work? Yes, they have received several awards and honors recognizing their contributions to design scholarship and publishing. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in teaching or academic work? While primarily known as authors and curators, they have also contributed to academic programs and lectures related to design history. Where can I find the works of Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their books are available in major bookstores, online retailers, and libraries, and their exhibitions have been held at prominent museums worldwide. What impact have Charlotte and Peter Fiell had on design education? They have influenced design education by providing comprehensive resources and inspiring new generations of designers and historians. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell still active in the design community? As of the latest information, they

continue to contribute through writing, curating, and participating in design discussions and events.

Related keywords: design, architecture, interior design, furniture, lighting, visual inspiration, design authors, modern design, Scandinavian design, design books

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